

KEMP CITY IS WIPED OUT AND NINE ARE DEAD

Tornado Works Havoc In Little Oklahoma Town, Sweeping Path Three Quarters of Mile Wide and Five Miles Long.

SECOND TIME IN RECENT YEARS

Eight of the Dead Were Killed in Town, While Other, a Child, Was Killed in Collapse of House Across Red River.

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]
DENISON, Tex., May 21.—Nine persons were killed and 38 injured and Kemp City, Okla., eight miles east of Denison, was wiped out by a tornado which last night swept a path three-quarters of a mile wide and five miles long in the Kemp City section.

Twelve business houses, a two-story hotel and sixty residences were demolished in Kemp City. This was the second time in recent years that the little town of 300 inhabitants has been visited by a tornado.

Eight of the dead were killed in the town while the other victim, a child, was killed in the collapse of its father's home just across the Red river in Texas.

The dead: Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Knox, Dr. and Mrs. William Brinson, Chaney Battle, cashier of the Bank of Kemp.

M. E. Thomas, postmaster, Artie Pleasant, Mrs. J. W. Hively, Six-year-old daughter of Dr. J. J. McCullough.

Of the 38 persons injured 36 are residents of Kemp City. Two daughters of Dr. McCullough were hurt at the time their younger sister was killed in the McCullough home, five miles west of Denison. Most of those injured were caught in the collapse of the buildings, or while trying to reach storm cellars shortly after the storm broke at 2:22 p. m. Saturday.

The bodies of the victims in several instances were found hundreds of yards from where their houses had stood.

The tornado played the usual freakish tricks of such a storm. The two-year-old child of Dr. and Mrs. Brinson, who were killed, was hurled 300 feet with flying debris when the Brinson residence was destroyed and the child suffered only minor injuries.

After the storm passed emergency treatment was given the injured in complete darkness and with the rain falling in torrents. A special train carrying twelve physicians from Denison did not reach Kemp until several hours after the tornado passed.

Much Damage; No Deaths
YUMA, Colo., May 21.—Estimates today of the damage caused by yesterday's tornado, which struck the town place the loss at approximately \$150,000. Many buildings were completely wrecked. Several persons were injured, but none seriously.

Tornado in Iowa

DES MOINES, Ia., May 21.—A tornado which swept across Central

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RUSSIANS GAIN ADVANTAGE JOINING HANDS WITH BRITISH

NAVAL MILITIA PLANS ARE ANNOUNCED

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The navy department announced tonight the program for the summer cruise of the Washington and Oregon naval militia and the first battalion of California's naval militia. The Californians will board the battleship Oregon at San Francisco July 15 and disembark at the same place July 29. The Oregon militia will start from Portland on the cruiser Marblehead July 15 and return July 29 and the Washingtonians will ship on the cruiser New Orleans at Tacoma July 15 and disembark at Seattle August 3. Pay, transportation and subsistence will be allowed all officers and men who report on the dates announced and serve throughout the cruise.

TWO SURVIVORS OF WRECK ARE SAFE AT SEWARD

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

SEWARD, Alaska, May 21.—After having been marooned fifty-eight days on one of the barren islands at the mouth of Cook inlet, Captain Charles Hansen and E. H. Mitchell, survivors of the wreck of the launch Success, arrived here today from Seldovia on the steamer Admiral Farragut. Thomas Campbell and John Larson, the other two men who were on the launch were drowned.

Captain Hansen and the other three men who were prospectors, left Seward February 15 to investigate reports of a rich gold strike near Kalamash volcano on the Alaska peninsula, 250 miles west of Seward. The explorers started on their journey after leaving Seward and when they reached the barren islands, 100 miles from here, March 8, they anchored to weather the storm.

On May 12 all but Mitchell went ashore in the small boat and when returning to the launch were capsized. Campbell and Larson were drowned and Captain Hansen managed to reach shore where he found himself in immediate danger of freezing to death.

After trying to float matches ashore in packing cases so Captain Hansen could build a fire, Mitchell cut loose the anchor and permitted the Success to go on the beach so as to aid Hansen.

Supplies at a tent were saved from the wreck and the two survivors by eating mussels and occasionally sea gulls managed to subsist fairly well until warm weather came.

Mitchell tried to cross in the small boat to Cape Elizabeth but was compelled by adverse weather to turn back to the island.

On May 9 both men left the island in the small boat with a favorable tide, rowed to Dog Fish bay 25 miles distant, where they rested and then rowed to Seldovia, which they reached a six hours. At Seldovia they were taken aboard the Admiral Farragut. The bodies of Campbell and Larson were left on the beach at the scene of the wreck.

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Achieve In Part One of Their Main Objects In Asiatic Turkey; Union with British Fighting Turks on Tigris.

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

The Russians have achieved in part one of their main objects in Asiatic Turkey—the joining of hands with their British allies fighting against the Turks on the Tigris river.

Coincident with the arrival comes a report that the Turks have evacuated Bethlema, their advanced position on the right bank of the Tigris and also have lost to the British their Dujailam redoubt.

Around Verdun the fighting between the French and the Germans continues with great violence. A French first line trench and slopes on the west of Le Mort Homme have been captured by the Germans, while the French have taken two trenches on the road from Ennes to Hautcourt. Berlin reports that more than 1300 French were taken prisoners and that sixteen machine guns and eight cannons were captured in the region of Le Mort Homme.

Northeast of the fortress the French have taken from the Germans the Handmont quarries and captured eighty prisoners and four machine guns. On the remainder of the front the fighting has consisted mainly of artillery duels and numerous air combats.

The latest German official report, dated Saturday and presumably referring to fighting of the previous day, records additional progress of the Austrian army against the Italians in southern Tyrol.

Except for German attempts at offensives against the Russians in the Hlokkst region and north of Lake Ilzen, which was repulsed, there have been only artillery duels on the Russian front.

The aeroplanes of the Teutonic army have dropped bombs on Cairo, Egypt, killing two and wounding several other persons.

Many French Prisoners

BERLIN, May 21.—(Via London).—More than 1300 French, including 31 officers, 16 machine guns and 8 cannons were captured in a new German assault on the Verdun front in the region of Douaumont's hill, the war office announced today. The statement says the German lines were advanced on the southwest slopes of the hill.

The official Austrian statement of May 19 and 20, shows further extensive gains in offensive movements in the southern Tyrol, which has carried the Austrians on to Italian territory, follows.

Statement of May 20: "Austro-Hungarian attacks drove the enemy further back on the front in southern Tyrol and in the Suggana valley. Austro-Hungarians entered Bonogno. On Armentiera ridge Austro-Hungarian troops captured Sassinato, Passo Della Vento, Tonessa, Monte Meligone and Ecol Suro." "Since the beginning of the Austro-Hungarian attack we have captured 257 Italian officers and more than 12,500 men, 68 machine guns, and 107 cannons, including 12 howitzers of 28 centimeters.

"Austro-Hungarian aviators bombarded the railway stations at Poper, Vicenza, Castelfranco, Treviso, Casatza, Cervadale and Chivada and stations of the enemy naval aeroplanes."

The statement of May 19 says: "Along the coast and in the Carinthian front there was pause in the fighting yesterday. This morning the Italians made two attacks against positions east of Montefalcone which recently were captured by us and were repulsed."

"A naval air squadron dropped bombs successfully on the railroad station at the military station at San Gorgio and Dinogara and on the enemy's naval aeroplane station near Grady."

"On the southern Tyrol front our attack gained ground. We repulsed six Italian attacks on Armentiera ridge. Our forces under the command of Lieutenant Field Marshal Archduke Charles Francis (The Austrian crown prince) advanced between the Astico and Lain valleys and drove back the enemy on the whole front. They captured the Italian fortified positions at Campomonte and Toraro. Near Valbaron, we reached the northern edge of Col Santo."

"The number of prisoners taken since the beginning of the attack has been increased to 124 officers and 12,500 men."

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RUSSIAN FORCE JOINS BRITISH ON THE TIGRIS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

LONDON, May 21.—A force of Russian cavalry has joined the British army on the Tigris in Mesopotamia.

An official communication issued tonight concerning the situation along the Tigris follows:

General Lake reports that on the nineteenth, the enemy vacated Bethlema advanced positions on the right bank of the Tigris. General Goringe, following up the enemy, attacked and carried the Dujailam redoubt. The enemy is still holding the Samuyat position on the left bank of the river.

"A force of Russian cavalry has joined General Goringe after a bold and adventurous ride."

The first news of the operations on the Tigris since the fall of Kut-El-Amara, sent today by Lieutenant General Sir Percy Lake, commander of the British forces in Mesopotamia, although it shows that the Turks are still holding the Samuyat position on the left bank of the Tigris, where the British checked made it impossible to carry out the relief of General Townshend, brings the welcome but astonishing intelligence that a body of Russian cavalry, after an adventurous ride, has succeeded in joining General Goringe's forces on the south bank of the Tigris.

How this important junction was effected is still unknown, and the story will be awaited with intense interest. The supposition is that this detachment came from the regular army which is threatening Khamaki but it still remains a puzzle where and how the Russians succeeded in crossing the river.

Their sudden appearance with General Goringe also has raised the question whether the Russians have already cut the Baghdad railway at Mosul. In any case, the appearance of this body of cavalry is as great a surprise as was the first landing of the Russian troops at Murselles and is another instance of the swift and stealthy movement of the Russian forces in Asia Minor.

LARKIN CHOKES SPECTATOR WHO MAKES PROTEST

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

CHICAGO, May 21.—James Larkin, the Irish labor leader and founder of the Irish "Citizen army" who has been living in Chicago for some time, leaped from the stage of a downtown theater today and attacked Matthew Newman, a spectator, who had protested at some remarks regarding the measures taken by England to suppress the recent uprising in Ireland.

The disturbance came during the preliminary stages of a mass meeting called to protest against the execution of James Connolly and thirteen other Irish revolutionaries.

Larkin, who chose and shook Newman and then escorted him from the hall.

In his address Mr. Larkin stated that the Irish revolutionaries were assisted by Angela Spring-Rice, sister of Ambassador Spring-Rice who represents Great Britain at Washington.

Three rifles were stacked on the stage. Mr. Larkin dramatically held one of them aloft.

"Perhaps you don't know who brought this kind of rifles into Ireland," he said. "Of course you don't. The ones that never told you. Well, it was Angela Spring-Rice, sister of Ambassador Spring-Rice. It was she who smuggled them in to us."

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FIGHTING PARSON IS DEAD

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

QUINCY, Mass., May 21.—Rev. Edward Anderson, known in Grand Army of the Republic circles as "The fighting parson," died tonight at the age of 82 years. He was an associate of John Brown and at the outbreak of the civil war, enlisted as a private, rising to the rank of colonel.

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Eight Thousand

Guardsmen Repel

Invading Force

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

NEW YORK, May 21.—Eight thousand national guardsmen of New York City organization mobilized in an hour and a half today to repel an attack upon the city, threatened by a theoretical landing force at Sheephead Bay speedway. The men were conveyed to the "battle ground" in privately owned automobiles, motor trucks, elevated trains and trolley cars.

The guardsmen in a noiseless battle thrilled a large crowd of onlookers. The crash of artillery and rattle of rifle fire was forbidden because of the Sunday observance law. An aviation exhibition closed the proceedings.

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Flowers on the Waters

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

BOSTON, May 21.—Fifty thousand persons attended an open air mass at the navy yard today in memory of deceased soldiers, sailors and marines. The service was arranged by the department of Massachusetts army and navy union and was proceeded by army and civic parade in which many organizations participated. Among those present was Cardinal O'Connell.

The altar, which was erected at the extreme end of the parade grounds was banked with growing plants and cut flowers, while the masts of battleships and other naval craft loomed in the background.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Carrying a deckload of flowers and gay with flags, a miniature warship was launched in

LANGHORNE'S FORCE MENACED BY THE YAQUI INDIANS; SIBLEY MAY HAVE GONE TO HIS AID

SEVENTH CAVALRYMEN ATTACKED BY BANDITS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

FIELD HEADQUARTERS, Mex., May 20 (Via Wireless to Columbus, N. M., May 21). Thirteen troops of the Seventh cavalry were fired upon yesterday near the town of Temosachic and one was wounded. The attack is ascribed to bandits hiding about a bridge near the town which is a few miles southeast of Madera on the Mexican Northwestern railroad.

After a few shots the Mexicans fled and the Americans continued on their way.

A small group of Mexicans is falling in behind the American columns as they move northward, always keeping out of sight, but telling the natives that they are chasing the "gringos" from Mexican soil. They stop whenever the Americans halt and hide or disarm if General Pershing men approach them.

Two suppositions are prevalent regarding the identity of these men. One is that they are Carranzistas trying to give the American movement the appearance of a retreat. The other is that they are bandits, seeking to annoy the Americans by shipping. The latter conjecture is the more favored.

This is the first intimation received recently that American soldiers were stationed so far to the south. All reports have placed their southernmost point at Naniquipa, which is a considerable distance to the north of Temosachic, from which it is also separated by a range of the Sierra Madres.

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First Regiment

Withdrawn Is

Now on Border

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

EL PASO, May 21.—Approximately 800 men of the Sixth cavalry, the first regiment to be withdrawn from General J. J. Pershing's expeditionary column, passed through El Paso today on their way to the Big Bend district of Texas where they will do border patrol duty. The troops, which were carried in three special trains, are expected to have completed detaching at Sierra Blanca, Marfa, Alpine and Marathon tomorrow. Before going into Mexico about a month ago the regiment was stationed on the border in the vicinity of Brownsville, Texas.

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Decide on Base

COLUMBUS, N. M., May 21.—Reports reaching here tonight that supplies and materials are being moved back fifteen miles north from Naniquipa and a camp being established gave rise to a belief that the most advanced base of General Pershing's expeditionary column for the coming rainy season has been decided upon.

The undesirability of the present camp site at Naniquipa is believed to have brought the decision. Nearly all of the ten motor truck companies now operating in the interior are hauling the immense quantities of reserve supplies concentrated in the field to the new location. Motor truckmen reported that the trucks have been in use so constantly that several of them have caught fire from overheated engines and burned.

Feed hay and grain in large quantities for horses is being sent forward by truck train. Such a reserve of rations has been piled up at the sub-bases that none has been shipped from Columbus in the past forty-eight hours.

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ACTUARIAL HALL IS DEAD

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

BALTIMORE, May 21.—Clayton Coleman, founder of the Actuarial Society of America and regarded as one of the highest authorities in this country on insurance statistics died here today. He was 68 years old.

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ALFRED DEQUET DEAD

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

PARIS, May 21.—The death has been announced of Alfred Dequet, the author. Dequet wrote a number of works on historical and military subjects.

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On the Main Line

BERLIN, May 21.—(Via Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—Positions captured by the Austrians in the offensive movement last week include some of the points on the Italian main line of resistance.

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Col. Sibley's Force Returns

50,000 TROOPS AWAIT ORDERS

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., May 21.—With the arrival on the American side of Col. Sibley's little force that rescued Jesse Deemer and Monroe Payne and chased the bandits 145 miles into Mexico, General Funston's command of nearly 50,000 men tonight awaited developments.

Portion of the army under General Pershing in Mexico has become as inactive as the remainder of the big border force and so far as army officers know, the period of comparative inaction will be unbroken until the initiative is taken by Mexicans.

Colonel Sibley has not reported his troops on this side of the Rio Grande tonight, but his last reported position was so far north that his arrival was hourly expected.

The Texas militia mobilized here will be sent forward to border stations in a few days and today the sixth cavalry has been in Chihuahua under General Pershing was moving into the Big Bend district where additional companies of the coast artillery will be located if the war department grants General Funston's request for more troops.

Reports of contemplated raids along the border, especially in the Brownsville district, continue to reach General Funston but all official reports from border army stations were that the situation was unchanged.

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Hold Mass For Deceased

Sea And Land Fighters

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.—A military mass was held on the campus at the Philadelphia navy yard today in memory of the deceased soldiers, sailors and marines of the nation. The ceremonies were under the auspices of the army and navy union department of Pennsylvania and were presided by a parade which was reviewed by Captain Robert L. Russell, commandant of the navy yard.

More than 25,000 persons attended the service.

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Truck Driver from Boquillas

Arrives at Marathon

With Report that Expeditionary Force is in Danger of Attack from Rear.

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

MARATHON, Tex., May 21.—Army officers tonight were investigating a report brought from Boquillas by a truck driver to the effect that Yaqui Indians were in the rear of Major George Langhorne's cavalry detachment and in a position to threaten it. The report was without official confirmation.

According to the truck driver, who said he got his information from couriers sent to the border by the expeditionary force, Colonel Sibley, who was leading the advance out of Mexico, has retraced his steps in order to reinforce Langhorne.

Several days ago reports crossed the border that 400 Yaquis had left Cuatro Ciénegas in the direction of Boquillas.

Similar reports were brought here tonight by Captain H. L. Evans, of the army signal corps. He asserted that he had been told that upon receipt of some information concerning a Yaqui movement toward the American border, Colonel Sibley had turned back to the interior and was preparing, if necessary, to reinforce Major Langhorne, who was holding up the rear.

Marauders cut the army telegraph line between Marathon and the Mexican frontier in these places last Friday night. According to Captain Evans, who arrived from Boquillas, where he had been directing the erection of the line.

Captain Evans said also that one of the poles had been destroyed at a point about five miles north of Boquillas. No definite clue to the identity of the vandals has been obtained.

Captain Evans pointed out that if communication is to be maintained between Marathon and Colonel Sibley's sub-base at Boquillas that the whole line will have to be patrolled with soldiers.

"In view of Friday night's occurrences, this step is absolutely necessary," he added.

Later military authorities admitted that they had heard reports that Yaqui Indians threatened the rear of Major Langhorne's column, but pointed out that the reports were unofficial and lacked verification.

No apprehension for the safety for the column seemed manifest here it being asserted that it is amply able to give good account of itself should it be attacked by any hostile force on its return to the frontier.

The united column, consisting of two troops and a machine gun troop of the Eighth cavalry, under Colonel Sibley, and two troops of the Fourteenth cavalry under Major Langhorne, totals approximately 350 men. This force, plentifully supplied with sustenance and its movements expedited by the addition of motor trucks and automobiles should suffice, according to military men, to combat twice their number on the Conchita plains, where an attacking force must travel for days without food or water.

No news was available here at a late hour tonight concerning the two bandit bands previously reported as being near La Jintia and Terlingua. In some quarters credence was given a rumor that it is these bands and not Yaqui Indians, whose movements have given rise to the report that Major Langhorne's rear is menaced.

WORLDLY AMUSEMENTS TO BE DISCUSSED BY M. E. CONFERENCE

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., May 21.—The so-called "worldly amusements" and their relation to members of the Methodist Episcopal church probably will overshadow in importance the majority of the proposals to be presented to the general conference during the fourth week of the quadrennial session, which begins tomorrow.

Two definite propositions will be submitted, one from the majority of the committee on the state of the church which favors the retention of the present prohibition against card playing, dancing and theater going; and another from the minority of the same committee, which will ask that the paragraph be eliminated and that the position of the church as opposed to these amusements be made clear by other means.

The rules of the church now provide expulsion as a penalty for members who engage in these diversions. It is claimed that this is not enforced by any pastor though previous attempts to change have always failed. The advisability of continuing the publication of all the periodicals now issued under church auspices will be debated early in the week.

Although the election of bishops has been completed, missionary bishops for Africa and Malaysia are to be chosen, unless the conference reverses its previous decision not to send general superintendents to these fields.

Nearly twenty-five officials of church boards and editors of publica-

tions also are to be elected.

A proposal to transfer headquarters of the temperance society from Toledo, Kas., to Washington, D. C., will be offered this week, it was announced. The committee which favors this action asserts that "the battlefield of prohibition during the next quadrennium is to be on the Atlantic coast and the fight will center at Washington and Kansas needs the society the least of any state in the union, because most of the west has gone 'dry'."

William J. Bryan, former secretary of state, will speak tomorrow night at the temperance anniversary.

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Trial Of Dr. Waite Is To

Begin In New York Today

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

NEW YORK, May 21.—The trial of Dr. Arthur Warren Waite for the murder of his wealthy father-in-law John E. Peck of Grand Rapids, Mich., will begin here tomorrow morning. Among the 115 witnesses who have been summoned by the prosecution to testify against Waite is his wife, Mrs. Clara Peck Waite of Grand Rapids, who has sued him for a divorce.

While the defense has made no official statement as to what its course will be, a plea of insanity will be offered. Waite has contended that he was possessed of two personalities,

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the evil one of which impelled him to take the lives of his wife's parents.

It is believed the first two days of the trial will be consumed in empanelling a jury because of the wide publicity which has been given the case since it was learned the aged Michigan millionaire's death was caused by poison which his son-in-law has confessed administering to him.

The district attorney's office announced tonight that Mrs. Margaret Horan, "the studio companion" of Waite, will appear as a witness for the prosecution.